## **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A1

Owner of the Declaration Rockfon (part of ROCKWOOL Group)

Programme holder Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

Publisher Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

Declaration number EPD-RWI-20200018-CBD2-EN

Issue date 10/03/2020 Valid to 09/03/2028

Rockfon Ceiling Tiles, Baffles, Islands and Wall Applications Rockfon (part of ROCKWOOL Group)



www.ibu-epd.com | https://epd-online.com





## **General Information**

## Rockfon (part of ROCKWOOL Group)

## Programme holder

IBU – Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Panoramastr. 1 10178 Berlin Germany

### **Declaration number**

EPD-RWI-20200018-CBD2-EN

# This declaration is based on the product category rules:

Mineral panels, 12.2018 (PCR checked and approved by the SVR)

Issue date

10/03/2020

Valid to

09/03/2025

Dipl. Ing. Hans Peters (chairman of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)

Man liken

Dr. Alexander Röder

(Managing Director Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.))

## Rockfon Ceiling tiles

### Owner of the declaration

Rockfon (part of ROCKWOOL Group) Hovedgaden 501D 2640, Hedehusene, Denmark

## Declared product / declared unit

1 m<sup>2</sup> of installed ceiling tile.

### Scope:

The span of products covered under this declaration is synthetic resin-bonded stone wool materials, which are produced in the form of tiles in the density range from 70 up to 175kg/m³. The products are supplied in thicknesses of 12 up to 160 mm. The declared product in this declaration is Rockfon Arctic with a density of 100kg/m³ and a thickness of 15mm. For the rest of the products scaling factors are provided. For the facing and coating materials, information can be found in the attached Annex.

The products included in this EPD are manufactured in Roermond (Netherlands), Cigacice (Poland), Saint Eloy (France), Vyborg (Russia) and Marshall County, Mississippi (USA). The EPD is based on weighted LCA inventory data from the 5 plants.

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

The EPD was created according to the specifications of *EN 15804+A1*. In the following, the standard will be simplified as *EN 15804*.

## Verification

The standard *EN 15804* serves as the core PCR Independent verification of the declaration and data according to *ISO 14025:2010* 

internally

x externally

Dr. Frank Werner

(Independent verifier appointed by SVR)

## **Product**

## **Product description/Product definition**

Rockfon stone wool acoustic tiles are traditionally made from volcanic rock (typically basalt or dolomite), an increasing proportion of recycled material, and a low percentage of binder (in Rockfon acoustic tiles this is around 3-4%). The essential component of Rockfon tiles are stone wool fibres, which are monofilament synthetic mineral fibres of non-crystalline structure extracted from a silicate melt. The products described in this EPD are produced in the form of tiles in the density range from 70 up to 175 kg/m³. The products are supplied in thicknesses of 12 up to 160 mm. The acoustic tiles can have a glass fibre fleece facing and can be coated with water-based dispersion paint. Details for the environmental impacts of this type of

facing can be found on the first page of the Annexe. The additional facing of aluminium laminate may be applicable for some products. The environmental impacts of aluminium laminate are presented on the second page of the Annexe.

Product-specific environmental impacts are compiled by applying the relevant scaling factor (listed in the table below) in the Product Specific Scaling formula.

### **Product Specific Scaling Formula:**

Environmental Impact per m<sup>2</sup> product X-with facing = Environmental Impact reference product \* scaling factor + Environmental Impact facing material.



Please note that the scaling factors give the precise amount of material needed to produce the other

product types.

Product Name	Scaling Factor	Product Name	Scaling Factor
Artic (15 mm) -	4.0	Ekla dB 43	4,4
reference product	1,0	Ekla Th 40	1,7
Acoustimass	4,3	Ekla Th 80	3,3
Alaska (20 mm)	2,0	Facett (20 mm)	1,2
Alaska (22 mm)	2,2	Facett (40 mm)	2,4
Alaska dB 35	2,0	Facett (50 mm)	3,0
Artic (20 mm)	1,3	Facett (60 mm)	3,6
Artic (40 mm)	2,7	Facett (80 mm)	4,8
Blanka A (20 mm)	1,2	Facett (100 mm)	6,0
Blanka A (25 mm)	1,5	Facett (120 mm)	7,2
Blanka B/C/D/E/G/M/Z	2.0	Facett (140 mm)	8,4
(20 mm)	2,0	Facett (160 mm)	9,6
Blanka B/C/D/E/G/M/X	25	Fibral (20 mm)	1,1
(25 mm)	2,5	Fibral (25 mm)	1,3
Blanka X (22 mm)	2,2	Fibral Multiflex Baffle	2,3
Blanka Activity	4,0	Fusion Blanka/Sonar	2,0
Blanka Bas	2,0	Humitec Baffle	2,3
Blanka dB 35	2,0	Hydroclean 12/52	1,1
Blanka dB 41	3,5	Hygienic (20 mm)	1,2
Blanka dB 43	4,4	Hygienic (40 mm)	1,9
Blanka dB 46	5,0	Hygienic Baffle	2,3
Boxer (£ 25 mm)	1,3	Hygienic Plus (20 mm)	1,2
Boxer (40 mm CIG)	2,4	Hygienic Plus (40 mm)	1.9
Boxer (40 mm ROE &	1,9	Industrial Baffle	2,3
SEL)		Industrial Baffle	2,3
Boxer Wall	2,4	Industrial	
Cinema Black	1,2	Black/Nature/Opal (30	1,4
Color-all (£ 20 mm)	1,2	mm)	-
Color-all (25 mm)	1,3	Industrial	
Color-all A (40 mm)	1,9	Black/Nature/Opal (50	2,3
Color-all B (40 mm)	4,0	mm)	
Color-all D/E	2,0	Industrial	
Color-all X	2,2	Black/Nature/Opal (100	3,7
Color-All Wall	1,9	mm)	
Contour	4,0	Industrial	
Cosmos Grey/White	2.7	Black/Nature/Opal (100	4,7
(40 mm)	2,,	mm)	
Cosmos Grey/White	3,3	Industriebatts (25 mm)	1,2
(50 mm)		Industriebatts (50 mm)	2,3
Cosmos Grey (60 mm)	4,0	Koral A (15 mm)	0,9
Cosmos Grey (80 mm)	5,3	Koral A (20 mm)	1,2
Cosmos Grey (100	6,7	Koral A (40 mm)	1,9
mm)		Koral E (15 mm)	1,2
Eclipse (incl. Wall)	4,0	Koral E (40 mm) and EI	3,2
Ekla (90 kg/m3)	1,2	30	
Ekla (120 kg/m3)	1,6	Koral 100 mm	4,7
Ekla Bas	1,3	Koral Flectoline	1,2
Ekla dB 41	3,5	Koral Tenor (15 mm)	0,9

3,5	Korai Terior (	10 mm)	0,5
the marke	t of the pro	duct in the	<del>)</del>
ıropean F	ree Trade A	Association	า
e exception	n of Switze	rland)	
. 305/201	1 (CPR) ap	plies. The	:
claration of	of performa	nce taking	into
3964:201	4 or EN 13	162+A1:20	)15
g.			
֡	the marke propean Fi e exception of 305/201 claration of	the market of the pro propean Free Trade A e exception of Switze at 305/2011 (CPR) ap claration of performa 3964:2014 or EN 13	the market of the product in the property in t

For the application and use the respective national provisions apply. They meet the requirements of the regulation (EU) Nr. 1272/2008/EU.

### **Application**

Rockfon products include acoustic ceiling tiles, baffles, islands and wall applications. They are available with different coatings and facings in a variety of shapes, thicknesses, and densities and positively contribute to a healthy indoor environment.

### **Technical Data**

The technical specifications listed below cover the range of all the products declared in this EPD. For information regarding specific products please visit https://www.rockfon.co.uk and access the provided Declarations of Performance (DoP).

### Constructional data (acc. to EN 13964)

Name	Value	Unit
Gross density	70 - 175	kg/m³

Product Name	Scaling Factor	Product Name	Scaling Factor	
Koral Tenor (25 mm)	1,2	Rockindus (30 mm)	1,4	
Koral Wall	1,9	Rockindus (50 mm)	2,3	
Krios A (20 mm)	1,1	Rockindus dB 40	3,0	
Krios A (25 mm)	1,3	Rockindus dB 42	4,0	
Krios D (20 mm)	2,0	Rocklux	2,2	
Krios D (25 mm)	2.5	Rockshed (50 mm)	2,2	
Krios E (20 mm)	1,6	Rockshed (75 mm)	3,3	
Krios X (22 mm)	2,2	Royal A (£ 20 mm)	1,1	
Krios X (25 mm)	2,5	Royal A (25 mm)	1,3	
Krios Bas	1,1	Royal E (15 mm)	1,2	
Krios O2	1,3	Royal E (20 mm)	1,6	
Ligna	1,1	Royal Hygiene (20		
Lithos New	1,2	mm)	1,1	
Logic	0,8	Royal Hygiene (40		
MediCare Air	1,5	1 mm)	1,9	
MediCare Block	1,3	Samson (incl. Wall)	2,4	
MediCare Plus A (20		Scholar (20 mm)	1,2	
mm)	1,2	Scholar (incl. Wall) (40		
MediCare Plus A (25		mm)	2,4	
mm)	1,5	Sofit New	0,9	
MediCare Plus E (20		Sonar		
mm)	1,6	A/B/C/D/E/G/M/Z (20	2,0	
MediCare Plus X	2,2	1 mm) `	-	
MediCare Royal A (20		Sonar A/D/E/M/X (25	2.5	
mm)	1,1	mm)	2,5	
MediCare Royal E (20		Sonar X (22 mm)	2,2	
mm) `	1,6	Sonar Activity	4,0	
MediCare Standard (12		Sonar Bas	2,0	
mm)	0,8	Sonar Cut-to	2,5	
MediCare Standard A	0.0	Sonar dB 35	2,0	
(15 mm)	0,9	Sonar dB 40	3,0	
MediCare Standard E	4.2	Sonar dB 41	3,5	
(15 mm)	1,2	Sonar dB 42/43	4,4	
Mono Acoustic Elegant		Sonar dB 44/46	5,0	
/ Ready-Mix (incl.	3,6	Soundstop 30 dB	4,4	
Direct and Flecto)		Soundstop 21 dB	3,0	
Opal Multiflex Baffle	2,3	Soundstop 33 dB	4,8	
Pacific	1,0	Swing	1,6	
Pagos Galaxie / Oris	1,1	Tabique Plenum	3,7	
Pallas	1,1	Tropic A (15 mm)	0,9	
Pallas HP	1,3	Tropic A (20 mm)	1,4	
Plafolaine Feu	2,0	Tropic A (40 mm)	1,9	
Plafolaine Feu	3,6	Tropic E (15 mm)	1,2	
Rockbaffle Deco	1,7	Tropic E (20 mm)	1,6	
Rockfon Metal	0,9	Tropic dB 42	4,4	
Rockfon Metal dB 41	3,0	Universal Baffle	2,3	
Rockfon Metal dB 44	4,0	VertiQ	3,2	
Rockfon Metal dB 46	5,0	VertiQ Metal	1,7	

Rockfon Metal dB 46 5,0	/ertiQ Metal	1,7		
Reaction to Fire acc. to EN 13964	A1			
Sound absorption coefficient (αw) acc. to EN 13964	up to 1.00			
Susceptibility to the growth of harmful micro-organisms, as dampness acc. to EN 13964	A - not susceptible			
Thermal conductivity acc. to EN 13964	0.04	W/(mK)		
Susceptibility to the growth of harmful micro-organisms, through thermal insulation acc. to EN 13964	А			
Durability acc. to EN 13964	Class 1/C/0N			
Sound absorption class	Α			
Light reflection	up to 87%	%		
Light diffusion	up to >99%	%		
Humidity and sag resistance	up to 100% RH and no visible deflection	%		
Airborne sound reduction acc. to EN ISO 10848-2 and EN ISO 717-1	up to 42	dB		



Performance data of the Rockfon stone wool products are in accordance with the declaration of performance with respect to its essential characteristics according to *EN 13964:2014*.

Emission tests according to *EN 16516:2018* are available from national technical managers

### Base materials/Ancillary materials

Composition Rockfon stone wool product:

- non-scarce natural stone and cement [59%]
- slags and other secondary materials or waste materials [19,5%]
- mineral oil and bonding agent [<0,2%]</li>
- binder, a thermoset inert polymer resin [5%]
- Non-woven glass wool facing (optional) [1-15%]
- water-based paints [0-16,5%]

Packaging represents less than 6% of the final product delivered to the customer. The raw materials are non-scarce natural stones, secondary materials and briquettes, which are made of mineral wool waste, secondary materials and by-products from other industries such as slags and cement. The binder is a thermoset inert polymer resin which is polymerized into a solid resin during the production of the final stone wool product. The coating is a waterborne acrylic coating and an additional (optional) polyurethane (PU) coating.

This product/article/at least one partial article contains substances listed in the candidate list (*ECHA PR/19/12*) (date: 16.07.2019) exceeding 0.1 percentage by mass: **no** 

Mineral wool fibres produced by ROCKWOOL are classified as non-hazardous under REACH (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures).

ROCKWOOL stone wool is registered with REACH under the following definition: "Man-made vitreous (silicate) fibres with random orientation with alkaline oxide and alkali earth oxide

 $(Na_2O+K_2O+CaO+MgO+BaO)$  content greater than 18% by weight and fulfilling one of the Note Q conditions". ROCKWOOL products produced in Europe fulfil the Note Q requirements. This is certified by the independent certification body EUCEB. (European Certification Board for mineral wool products). More information on EUCEB can be found under www.euceb.org.

### Reference service life

A reference service life according to *ISO* 15686 is not declared for this EPD. Instead, a service life is declared according to *BBSR table*. According to this table, mineral panels have a service life of more than 50 years in a building. For this EPD the declared value is therefore 50 years.

This is the service life that is used in most existing PCRs and EPDs in the Dutch, German, US and Canadian markets. The mineral wool core in Rockfon products is tested to maintain its properties for at least 50 years. Also, Rockfon products are tested to maintain flatness even in high temperature/ high humidity environments (40°C / 95 % relative humidity). Given this, there is no doubt that Rockfon ceiling tiles could have a technical lifespan of more than 50 years in a normal indoor environment.

Some owners will replace the Rockfon product due to renovations or aesthetics, but not for functional performance reasons. Replacements typically do not happen due to technical failure but are more likely the result of vandalism, accidents, visual appearance, minor refurbishments (e.g. painting an office, changing of tenants) or major refurbishments.

## LCA: Calculation rules

### **Declared Unit**

The declared unit refers to 1  $\rm m^2$  of installed acoustic ceiling tile or wall panel (within the density range 70 – 175 kg/m³) with the results being representative for a 15 mm thick and 1,5 kg/m² heavy product. This weight per  $\rm m^2$  is applicable for the stone wool core without the facing. The declared product is Rockfon Arctic with a density of 100kg/m³ and a thickness of 15 mm.

### Declared unit

200.0.00		
Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	m²
Grammage	1.5	kg/m²
Thickness of the panels	15	mm
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.667	-

System boundary EPD type: Cradle to gate with options, modules C1-C4, and module D.

The modules considered in the life cycle assessment as per system boundaries are described as follows:

### **Production**

The product stage A1-A3 includes:

- Provision of preliminary products and energy and relevant upstream processes;
- Transporting the raw materials and preliminary materials to ROCKWOOL production facilities;
- Production process in the ROCKWOOL production facilities including energy inputs and emissions:
- Electricity consumption;
- Waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of waste residues, during the production stage;
- Production of packaging material;
- Manufacturing of products and co-product.

The environmental impact of co-products coming for example from the steel and electricity plants (e.g. slags, alumina and ashes entering the system as inputs to the manufacturing) is accounted for and economic allocation is applied.

Recycled stone wool comes free of environmental burden, as it enters the product system as waste. Its transport to the factory is accounted for. Modules A1,



A2 and A3 are declared as an aggregated module A1-A3.

### Construction/Installation

The Construction Stage A4-A5 includes:

- · A4 transport to the building site
- A5 installation to the building

The transport in A4 is modelled based on the amount of tiles that fit in a truck that can hold 44 pallets. The values are based on annual average delivery data. In A5 the default installation is assumed to be manual, therefore no energy consumption or ancillary equipment is needed.

The product waste from installation is assumed to be 7% and according to the modularity principle of *EN 15804*, its impacts are fully allocated to A5. The 7% assumption is used based on the "common scenarios for LCA" internal document from EURIMA (European Insulation Manufacturers Association) but can, in reality, be significantly lower.

The A5 stage, according to *EN 15804* includes also waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues during the construction process stage and impacts and aspects related to product losses during installation. Finally, the A5 module includes also the corresponding end-of-life considerations for packaging. The assumption for installation waste for this calculation is that it is 100% landfilled but it often also is 100% closed-loop recycled through the Rockfon recycling service offering.

### **Building Use**

The use-stage B1-B7, related to the building fabric includes:

 B1 use or application of the installed product not part of this EPD;

- B2 maintenance:
- B3 repair;
- B4 replacement;
- B5 refurbishment;
- B6 Operational energy use:
- B7 Operational water use:

Rockfon stone wool ceiling tiles are installed permanently in the structure and do not require maintenance, repair, replacement or refurbishment under normal use conditions. Similarly, Rockfon has no operational energy or water use.

### **End of Life**

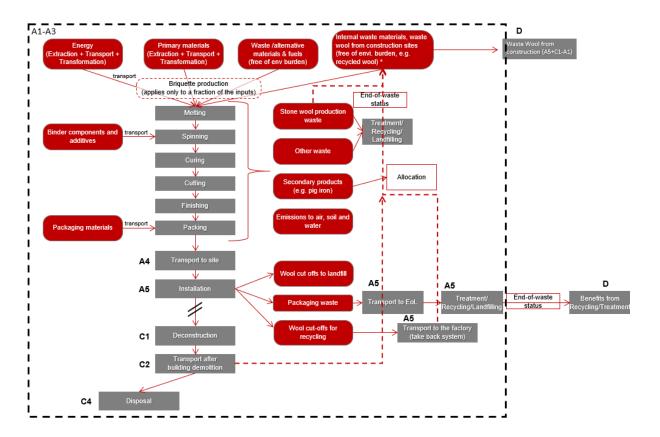
The End-of-life stage C1-C4 includes:

- C1 de-construction, demolition;
- C2 transport to waste processing;
- C3 waste processing for reuse, recovery and/or recycling;
- C4 disposal.

These stages also include the provision and all transport, provision of all materials, products and related energy and water use. Manual deconstruction is assumed for C1 and no impacts are assigned. The benefits from disposal (heat or electricity recovery) are assigned to module D.

**Module D** includes reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials expressed as net loads and benefits. Here the loads from the packaging disposal in A5 and from electricity generation on landfill are considered.

The product system with the system boundaries is presented in the graph below:





### Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to *EN 15804* and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

. The used background datasets and database version have to be mentioned since they can have an influence on the final results. The used software for the development of the declaration was *GaBi*, *version* 8.0.1.257 by thinkstep.

## LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following technical information for the declared modules can be used for scenario development in a building context.

Transport to the building site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit
Litres of fuel	38	I/100km
Transport distance	646	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	85	%
Gross density of products transported	100	kg/m³

Installation into the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Electricity consumption	0	kWh
Material loss	7	%

### Reference service life

Name	Value	Unit
Life Span (according to BBSR)	> 50	а

### End of life (C1-C4)

Name	Value	Unit
Landfilling	15	kg
Transport to landfill	50	km
Utilization rate	50	%

## Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

Any declared benefits and loads from net flows leaving the product system that have not been allocated as coproducts and that have passed the end-of-waste state are included in module D. Such declared benefits can occur in stages A5 and C4. The generated energy, such as heat and electricity from waste incineration of packaging is assigned to module D. The benefits are calculated using current average substitution processes. The heat is credited for with heat from natural gas. The electricity is credited for with the specific country's electricity mix. This is also applied for materials that are landfilled as the benefits from electricity production from landfill gas recovery are included in module D.



## LCA: Results

DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; MND	= MODULE NOT DECLARED;
MND - MODULE NOT BELEVANT	

Ц	THE COLOR																
	PRODUCT STAGE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE				OCESS			Us	SE STAC	ЭE			EN	D OF LI	FE STA		BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential
	<b>A</b> 1	A2	А3	A4	<b>A</b> 5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	MND	Х	MNR	MNR	MNR	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

## RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT according to EN 15804+A1: 1 m<sup>2</sup> of Rockfon ceiling

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	1.56E+0	2.21E-1	2.75E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	4.79E-3	0.00E+0	2.16E-2	-6.97E-2
ODP	[kg CFC11-Eq.]	2.65E-9	3.66E-17	3.94E-10	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	7.93E-19	0.00E+0	1.26E-16	-1.34E-14
AP	[kg SO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	8.42E-3	1.87E-4	6.39E-4	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	4.38E-6	0.00E+0	1.30E-4	-1.85E-4
EP	[kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3</sup> -Eq.]	1.23E-3	4.13E-5	1.06E-4	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	9.89E-7	0.00E+0	1.47E-5	-1.80E-5
POCP	[kg ethene-Eq.]	6.11E-4	7.02E-7	4.90E-5	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	-1.26E-7	0.00E+0	9.96E-6	-1.79E-5
ADPE	[kg Sb-Eq.]	4.67E-7	1.71E-8	3.14E-8	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	3.70E-10	0.00E+0	7.96E-9	-2.12E-8
ADPF	[MJ]	1.79E+1	3.01E+0	1.57E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	6.51E-2	0.00E+0	3.03E-1	-1.42E+0

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Caption Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

## RESULTS OF THE LCA - RESOURCE USE according to EN 15804+A1: 1 m² of Rockfon ceiling tile

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	1.41E+0	1.75E-1	1.91E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	3.79E-3	0.00E+0	3.97E-2	-2.06E-1
PERM	[MJ]	2.20E+0	0.00E+0	-1.63E+0	0.00E+0							
PERT	[MJ]	3.61E+0	1.75E-1	2.82E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	3.79E-3	0.00E+0	3.97E-2	-2.06E-1
PENRE	[MJ]	1.77E+1	3.02E+0	1.75E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	6.53E-2	0.00E+0	3.14E-1	-1.53E+0
PENRM	[MJ]	2.27E+0	0.00E+0	-2.27E-2	0.00E+0							
PENRT	[MJ]	2.00E+1	3.02E+0	1.73E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	6.53E-2	0.00E+0	3.14E-1	-1.53E+0
SM	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
RSF	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
NRSF	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
FW	[m³]	6.84E-3	2.96E-4	8.56E-4	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	6.40E-6	0.00E+0	7.90E-5	-4.23E-4

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources; used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

# RESULTS OF THE LCA – OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES according to EN 15804+A1: 1 m² of Rockfon ceiling tile

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	В6	B7	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	3.60E-7	1.68E-7	3.77E-8	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	3.65E-9	0.00E+0	5.35E-9	-1.70E-9
NHWD	[kg]	1.20E-1	2.45E-4	1.17E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	5.31E-6	0.00E+0	1.46E+0	-8.99E-4
RWD	[kg]	7.62E-4	4.09E-6	6.06E-5	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	8.86E-8	0.00E+0	4.21E-6	-2.70E-5
CRU	[kg]	0.00E+0										
MFR	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	3.42E-2	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	4.05E-2	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
MER	[kg]	0.00E+0										
EEE	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.53E-1	0.00E+0							
EET	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	4.60E-1	0.00E+0							

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components
Caption for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EEE = Exported thermal energy

## References

## BBSR

BBSR table "Service lives of components for life cycle assessment according to BNB", available via <a href="http://www.nachhaltigesbauen.de/baustoff-und-gebaeudedaten/nutzungsdauern-von-bauteilen.html">http://www.nachhaltigesbauen.de/baustoff-und-gebaeudedaten/nutzungsdauern-von-bauteilen.html</a>.

## ECHA PR/19/12

The Candidate List of substances of very high concern, available via https://echa.europa.eu/nl/-/four-newsubstances-added-to-the-candidate-list, accessed October 2019



### **EN ISO 717-1**

EN ISO 717-1:2013, Acoustics — Rating of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements — Part 1: Airborne sound insulation

### **EN ISO 10848-2**

EN ISO 10848-2:2017, Acoustics — Laboratory and field measurement of flanking transmission for airborne, impact and building service equipment sound between adjoining rooms— Part 2: Application to Type B elements when the junction has a small influence

### EN 13162

EN 13162:2008, Thermal insulation products for buildings. Factory made mineral wool (MW) products. Specification

### EN 13964

EN 13964:2014, Suspended ceilings. Requirements and test methods

### EN 16516

EN 16516:2018, Construction products - Assessment of release of dangerous substances - Determination of emissions into indoor air

### **EUCEB**

Website of European Certification Board for mineral wool products: http://www.euceb.org/ [Accessed: July 2019].

#### GaRi ts

Leinfelden - Echterdingen GaBi Software - System and Database for Life cycle Engineering. Thinkstep AG, LBP, University of Stuttgart and PE. Program version 8.0.1.257.database schema 8006 International. 2011.

### **GaBi-Dokumentation**

Thinkstep AG: GaBi 6 life cycle inventory data

documentation, 2018.

http://www.gabisoftware.com/support/gabi/gabi-6-lcidocumentation [Accessed: July 2019].

### ISO 15686 1-11

Series of standards for service life planning.

### **IBU PCR - Part A**

Calculation rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Background Report, version 1.6, Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., www.bau-umwelt.com, Juli 2019.

### IBU 2017, PCR, Part B

PCR- Part B: Requirements on the EPD for mineral insulating products, Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., www.bau-umwelt.com, December 2018.

### Regulation (EC) No 305/2011 CPR

Regulation (EC) No 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the council of 9 March 2011 laying down harmonised conditions for the marketing of construction products and repealing Council Directive 89/106/EEC. Available at: https://eurlex.europa.eu/legalcontent/EN/TXT/?uri=celex%3A32011R0305.

## Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 - REACH

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Available at:

https://eurlex.europa.eu/legalcontent/EN/TXT/?uri=cele x:32008R1272 [Accessed: July 2019].



### Publisher

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Panoramastr. 1 10178 Berlin Germany

Tel +49 (0)30 3087748- 0 Fax +49 (0)30 3087748- 29 Mail info@ibu-epd.com Web www.ibu-epd.com



### Programme holder

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Panoramastr 1 10178 Berlin Germany

+49 (0)30 - 3087748- 0 Tel +49 (0)30 - 3087748 - 29 Fax Mail info@ibu-epd.com Web www.ibu-epd.com



### Author of the Life Cycle **Assessment**

ROCKWOOL ROCKFON GmbH Rockwool Straße 37-41 D-4596 Gladbeck Germany

+49 2043/408-0 +49 2043/408-955 Mail info@rockfon.de Web www.rockfon.de

Tel

Fax



## Owner of the Declaration

ROCKWOOL ROCKFON GmbH Rockwool Straße 37-41 D-4596 Gladbeck Germany

+49 2043/408-0 Tel Fax +49 2043/408-955 info@rockfon.de Mail Web www.rockfon.de